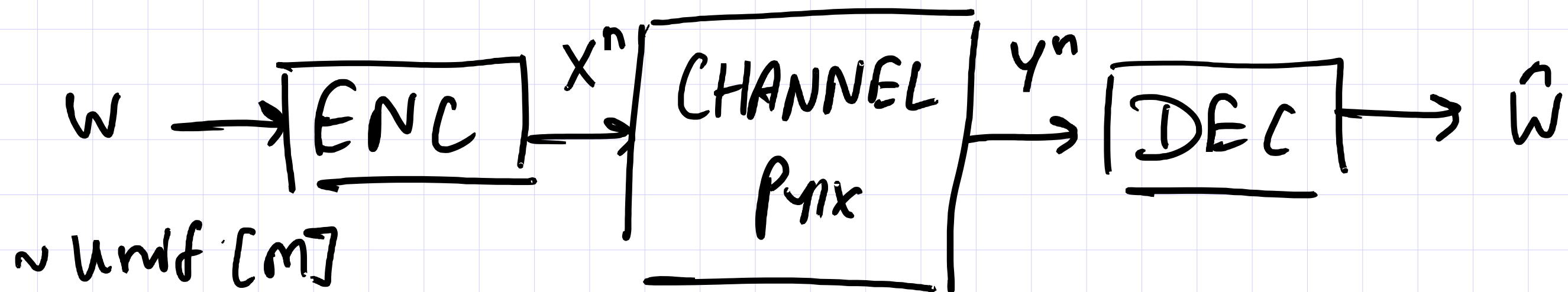


PROOF OF
THE
CHANNEL CODING THEOREM

EE 6317

Transmitter



$$R = \frac{\log_2 M}{n}$$

$$P_e = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{i=1}^M P_n[\hat{w} \neq w | w = i]$$

Channel coding theorem

$$C = \max_{P_X} I(X; Y)$$

$$\alpha(P_{Y|X})$$

For every $\epsilon > 0$

① \exists sequence of (n, M_n) codes

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P_e^{(n)} = 0$$

(Achievability)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log_2 M_n}{n} \geq \alpha(P_{Y|X}) - \epsilon$$

② (Converse)
with

For any sequence of (n, M_n) codes

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log_2 M_n}{n} > \alpha(P_{Y|X}) + \epsilon,$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P_e^{(n)} = 1$$

Lemmas

(L1) Fano's inequality W, \hat{W} $P_e = P_n[W \neq \hat{W}]$

$$\begin{aligned} H(W|\hat{W}) &\leq H_2(P_e) + P_e \log_2 |W| \\ &\leq 1 + P_e \log_2 |W| \leq 1 + P_e nR \end{aligned}$$

(L2) For any X^n , if Y^n obtained by passing X^n through DMC $P_{Y|X}$, then

$$I(X^n; Y^n) \leq nC$$

any distributions
(i.i.d, correlated)

Proof of converse

For any R ,

$$nR = H(W) \quad W \sim \text{Unif}([m])$$

$$= H(W|\hat{W}) + I(W; \hat{W})$$

$$\leq 1 + P_e(nR) + I(W; \hat{W}) \quad (L1)$$

$$\leq 1 + P_e(nR) + I(X^n; Y^n)$$

$$\leq 1 + P_e \times nR + nC \quad (L2)$$

$$R \leq \frac{1}{n} + P_e \times R + C$$

$$P_e \times R \geq R - C - \frac{1}{n}$$

$$P_e \geq 1 - \frac{C}{R} - \frac{1}{nR}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P_e \geq 1 - \frac{C}{R} > 0 \quad \text{if } R > C.$$

Proof of L2 : $I(X^n; Y^n) \leq nC$

$$I(X^n; Y^n) = H(Y^n) - H(Y^n | X^n)$$

$$= H(Y^n) - \sum_{i=1}^n H(Y_i | X^n, Y_1, \dots, Y_{i-1})$$

$$\stackrel{Dmc}{=} H(Y^n) - \sum_{i=1}^n H(Y_i | X_i) \rightarrow Dmc$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n H(Y_i | Y_1, \dots, Y_{i-1}) - \sum_{i=1}^n H(Y_i | X_i)$$

$$\leq \sum_{i=1}^n H(Y_i) - \sum_{i=1}^n H(Y_i | X_i)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n I(X_i; Y_i) \leq nC$$