



INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY HYDERABAD
MA5010 - Combinatorics and Graph Theory
Problem Sheet 4 Autumn 2023

- Problem 1.** What is the number of all compositions of n in which the first part is not 2?
- Problem 2.** What is the number of all weak compositions of 10 into five parts so that exactly two parts are 0?
- Problem 3.** Find the number of compositions of n into an even number of parts.
- Problem 4.** Find the number of weak compositions of 25 into five odd parts.
- Problem 5.** Prove that $S(n, 2) < 2^{n-1} - 1$.
- Problem 6.** Prove that $S(n, n-2) < C(n, 3) + 3C(n, 4)$.
- Problem 7.** Prove that $n! < S(2n, n) < (2n)!$
- Problem 8.** For all $m \geq 1, n \geq 0, m \geq n$, prove that $S(m, n) = \frac{1}{n!} \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^{n-k} C(n, k) k^m$.
- Problem 9.** Prove that if $n \geq 3$, then $B(n) < n!$
- Problem 10.** Prove that if $n \geq 1$, then $B(n) = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} C(n-1, k) B(k)$.
- Problem 11.** Prove that if $n \geq 1$, then $B(n) = \frac{1}{e} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{j^j}{j!}$.
- Problem 12.** Prove that the number of partitions of n into exactly k parts is equal to the number of partitions of n in which the larger part is exactly k .
- Problem 13.** Prove that the number of partitions of n into at most k parts is equal to that of the partitions of $(n+k)$ into exactly k parts.
- Problem 14.** Prove that for all integers $n \geq 2$, the number $p(n) - p(n-1)$ is equal to the number of partitions of n in which the two larger parts are equal.
- Problem 15.** Find the number of compositions of n in which the i^{th} part is equal to k .